

CHARGES OF COMMON IONS

(**Note:** All italicized ions must be memorized for tests and quizzes!!!)

Charges of Some Monatomic Ions			
1+	2+	3+	4+
<i>Group 1A metals</i> Ag ⁺ , silver Cu ⁺ , copper(I) or cuprous	<i>Group 2A metals</i> Cd ²⁺ , cadmium Co ²⁺ , cobalt(II) or cobaltous Cu ²⁺ , copper(II) or cupric Cr ²⁺ , chromium(II) or chromous Fe ²⁺ , iron(II) or ferrous Pb ²⁺ , lead(II) or plumbous	<i>Group 3A metals</i> Mn ²⁺ , manganese(II) or manganous Hg ²⁺ , mercury(II) or mercuric Ni ²⁺ , nickel(II) Sn ²⁺ , tin(II) or stannous Zn ²⁺ , zinc	Cr ³⁺ , chromium(III) or chromic Fe ³⁺ , iron(III) or ferric Co ³⁺ , cobalt(III) or cobaltic Ni ³⁺ , nickel(III)
1-	2-	3-	4-
<i>Group 7A nonmetals</i> H ⁻ , hydride	<i>Group 6A nonmetals</i>	<i>Group 5A nonmetals</i>	C ⁴⁻ , carbide

Charges of Common Polyatomic Ions			
1+	2+		
<i>NH₄⁺, ammonium</i> *Hg ₂ ²⁺ , mercury(I) or mercurous	none		
1-	2-	3-	4-
<i>C₂H₃O₂⁻, acetate</i> **HCO ₃ ⁻ , bicarbonate (or hydrogen carbonate) ClO ₃ ⁻ , chlorate ClO ₂ ⁻ , chlorite CN ⁻ , cyanide OH ⁻ , hydroxide HSO ₄ ⁻ , hydrogen sulfate (or bisulfate) HS ⁻ , hydrogen sulfide ClO ⁻ , hypochlorite IO ₃ ⁻ , iodate NO ₃ ⁻ , nitrate NO ₂ ⁻ , nitrite ClO ₄ ⁻ , perchlorate MnO ₄ ⁻ , permanganate	CO ₃ ²⁻ , carbonate CrO ₄ ²⁻ , chromate Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ , dichromate MnO ₄ ²⁻ , manganate C ₂ O ₄ ²⁻ , oxalate O ₂ ²⁻ , peroxide SiO ₃ ²⁻ , silicate SO ₄ ²⁻ , sulfate SO ₃ ²⁻ , sulfite C ₄ H ₄ O ₆ ²⁻ , tartrate B ₄ O ₇ ²⁻ , tetraborate S ₂ O ₃ ²⁻ , thiosulfate	BO ₃ ³⁻ , borate PO ₄ ³⁻ , phosphate Fe(CN) ₆ ³⁻ , ferricyanide [or hexacyanoferrate(III)]	Fe(CN) ₆ ⁴⁻ , ferrocyanide [or hexacyanoferrate(II)]

* The Hg₂²⁺ ion's "effective" charge on each atom is 1+.

** The prefix "bi-" generally means that a hydrogen atom has been added to the root ion. eg. CO₃²⁻ is a carbonate while HCO₃⁻ is a bicarbonate.